APPROVAL OF THE UTILITY DEBT SECURITIZATION AUTHORITY'S 2021 BUDGET

RESOLVED, that the proposed 2021 budget of the Utility Debt Securitization Authority ("Authority"), which is attached hereto as **Exhibit "A"**, is hereby approved.

Dated: November 16, 2020

Exhibit "A" – 2021 Budget

UTILITY DEBT SECURITIZATION AUTHORITY

(A Component Unit of Long Island Power Authority)

UDSA Board Meeting November 16, 2020



Utility Debt Securitization Authority

The LIPA Reform Act created the Utility Debt Securitization Authority (UDSA) to issue restructuring bonds in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$4.5 billion to refinance a portion of LIPA's debt at a lower cost. The issuance of Restructuring Bonds allowed LIPA to retire a portion of its outstanding indebtedness and provide savings to LIPA's customers on a net present value basis.

LIPA's Board adopted Financing Order No. 1 on October 3, 2013, Financing Orders No. 2, No. 3 and No. 4 on June 26, 2015 and Financing Order No. 5 on September 29, 2017, each authorizing the UDSA to issue Restructuring Bonds. Each financing order authorized Restructuring Bonds secured by a separate restructuring charge created pursuant to that financing order. A total of \$4.5 billion of UDSA Restructuring Bonds have been issued, with no statutory capacity remaining.

The operations of the UDSA are presented as a proprietary fund following the accrual basis of accounting in order to recognize the flow of economic resources. Revenue which is based on the UDSA's Restructuring Charge is set at an amount sufficient to recover the debt service payments and other cash operating expenses that the UDSA incurs.

The UDSA is considered a blended component unit of LIPA. The results of operations are consolidated with LIPA for financial reporting purposes.



2021 PROPOSED AND 2022 PROJECTED OPERATING BUDGET

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Utility Debt Securitization Authority

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Long Island Power Authority

2021 Proposed and 2022 Projected Budgets

(Thousands of Dollars)														
Description		2019		2020				2021				2022		
		Actual		Approved	Projected			Proposed	Change from Prior Year			Projected	Change from Prior Year	
Revenues	\$	308,807		\$ 320,482	\$	339,416		\$ 349,589	\$	29,107		\$ 361,539	\$ 11,949	
Operating Expenses														
Uncollectible Accounts		1,407		1,850		1,672		1,790		(60)		1,742	(47)	
General and Administrative Expense														
Ongoing Servicer Fee		2,065		2,250		2,250		2,250				2,250	-	
Administration Fees		685		500		500		500				500	-	
Bond Administration Fees		392		360		389		390		30		390	-	
Directors and Officers Insurance		245		339		271		362		23		380	18	
Accounting, Legal & Misc. Fees		121		205		155		155		(50)		155	-	
Total General and Administrative Expense		3,508		3,654		3,565		3,657		3		3,675	18	
Amortization of Restructuring Property		169,341		170,316		170,503		221,742		51,426		216,389	(5,353)	
Interest Expense		196,248		192,041		192,807		187,619		(4,422)		179,694	(7,925)	
Amortization of Premium		(44,779)		(45,706)		(45,706)		(45,119		587		(42,050)	3,069	
Amortization of Deferred Debt Issue Costs		2,268		2,175		2,169		2,039		(136)		1,886	(153)	
Total Interest Expense		153,737		148,510		149,271		144,539		(3,971)		139,530	(5,009)	
Reserve Fund Earnings		3,812	_	4,011		1,283	_	1,441		(2,569)	_	1,441	-	
Change in Net Position	\$	(15,373)		\$ 164	\$	15,689		\$ (20,697)\$	(20,860)		\$ 1,644	\$ 22,341	



2021 PROPOSED AND 2022 PROJECTED OPERATING BUDGET

Utility Debt Securitization Authority Year-over-Year Changes

Revenue is set annually at an amount sufficient to recover debt service and other cash operating expenses. Revenue is budgeted to be \$350 million for 2021, which is a \$29 million increase compared to 2020 budgeted revenue. This increase is directly related to the scheduled increase in debt service payments associated with the securitization bonds of approximately \$49 million. Due to the securitization charge rate-setting mechanism, if there is an increase in the subsequent year debt service it will begin to be billed and collected beginning in mid-year rate reset from the prior year. As a result of the 2020 collections due to the mid-year rate reset, the 2021 securitization rate produces lower budgeted revenues than budgeted debt service.

The UDSA change in net position is forecasted at approximately \$15.7 million due to the higher revenues resulting from the mid-year rate reset mechanism discussed above. These excess revenues are provided as a credit in the subsequent year's restructuring charge.

The amortization of restructuring property is amortized relative to scheduled debt service, and as the debt service will be higher in 2021 than in 2020, the budgeted amortization was increased accordingly.

Budgeted debt service reserve fund earnings are budgeted at \$1.4 million due to lower interest rates.

